Outlineoffungi.org - Note 924 Franziozymales

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Franziozymales Q.M. Wang, Begerow & M. Groenew.

Multigene analyses (Li et al. 2023) demonstrated that Strain XZ4C4, isolated from a leaf of bamboo from Tibet, represents a new species and genus, Franziozyma bambusicola Q.M. Wang, D. Begerow, M. Groenew. (as 'bambusoicola'), among the exobasidiomycetous fungi. Based on analyses of a six loci dataset (ITS, LSU, SSU, RPB1, RPB2, and EF1), it was shown that this species belongs to a distinct clade separate from Golubeviales. For the accommodation of this genus in the Exobasidiomycetes, a new family, Franziozymaceae, and order, Franziozymales, were introduced (Li et al. 2023). The order Franziozymales consists of a monotypic family and genus. Colonies are butyrous, cream, soft or tough, usually glabrous, or sometimes pubescent, shiny or dull, ridged, and with an eroded margin; hyphae are formed; chlamydospores occur intercalarily or terminally and are single; ballistoconidia are produced; sexual reproduction is not known (Li et al. 2023). The type species isolated from a leaf of bamboo from Tibet, China.

Reference

Li Y-Y, Wang M-M, Groenewald M, Li A-H et al. 2022 – Proposal of two new combinations, twenty new species, four new genera, one new family, and one new order for the anamorphic basidiomycetous yeast species in *Ustilaginomycotina*. Frontiers in Microbiology 12, 777338. https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2021.777338

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